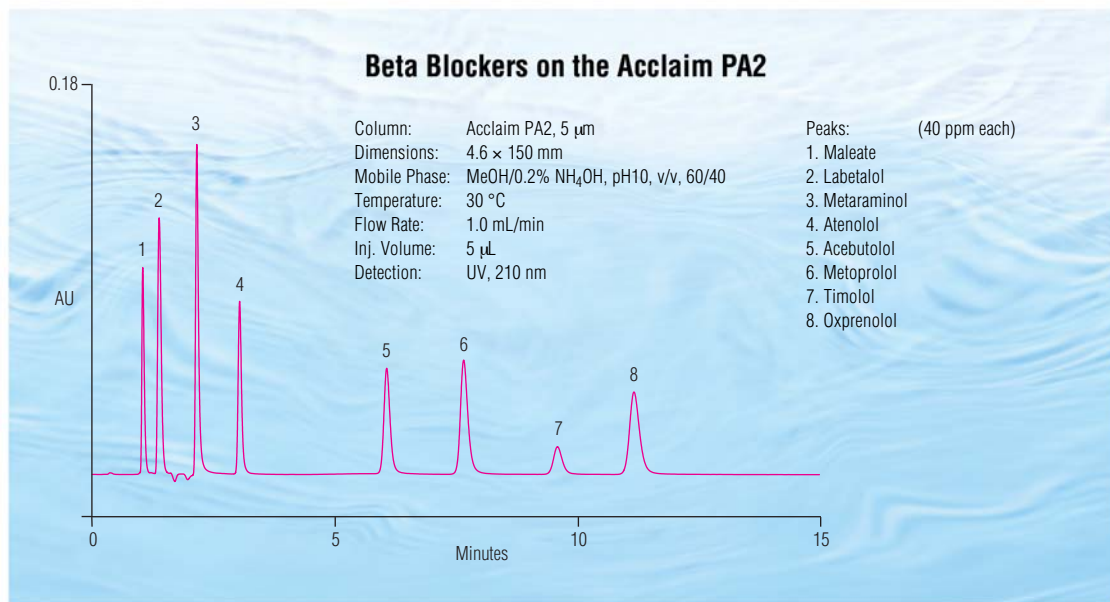


Acclaim® PolarAdvantage II (PA2) HPLC Columns A Unique and Complementary Alternative to Conventional C18



A new line of silica-based polar-embedded columns for pharmaceutical, environmental, chemical, food, and life science applications

- Separates polar and nonpolar compounds
- Exceptional hydrolytic stability (pH 1.5–10)
- High polarity for complementary selectivity to C18 columns
- Compatible with 100% aqueous mobile phases
- Good peak shapes for both acidic and basic compounds
- High column efficiency
- Good batch-to-batch reproducibility
- Broad range of applications

Separates Polar and Nonpolar Compounds

The separation of polar and nonpolar compounds in a single run on a reversed-phase column is often a difficult proposition for chromatographers because the polar compounds are eluted either in the void, or unresolved from one another at the beginning of the chromatogram. The challenge with reversed-phase C18 columns, for this type of application, is low retention of polar compounds under the conditions necessary to approximate a separation, dewetting in 100% aqueous mobile phases, and more or less the same selectivity regardless of the column vendor.

Existing polar-embedded phases offer different selectivity from conventional C18 columns and symmetrical peak shapes for basic compounds, but often at the expense of hydrophobic retention and hydrolytic stability at both low and high pH.

The Acclaim PA2 column is a novel, high-efficiency, silica-based, polar-embedded column, manufactured by bonding a specially designed proprietary amide-embedded ligand to 3- or 5-µm-diameter high-purity spherical silica. This column is compatible with 100% aqueous environments over a wide range of pH (see beta blockers in figure above), exhibits high polarity for selectivity complementary to conventional C18 columns, and provides excellent peak shapes and efficiencies for both basic and acidic compounds.

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Exceptional Hydrolytic Stability

Polar-embedded silica stationary phases provide several advantages over general-purpose C18 phases, including improved peak shapes of basic analytes, compatibility with highly aqueous mobile phases, and unique selectivity characteristics. However, the hydrolytic stability of polar-embedded columns is typically inferior to that of hydrophobic C18 supports, due to lower ligand coverage and the hydrophilic nature of the embedded group. To address the inferior hydrolytic stability issue, the scientists at Dionex have developed a polar-embedded column with enhanced hydrolytic stability that provides selectivity complementary to conventional C18 columns throughout the whole operating pH range (pH 1.5 to 10).

HPLC separations of polar analytes are often run under acidic conditions (<3.0) to reduce tailing of amine-containing compounds. While the acidic conditions improve peak shape, the harsh environment will shorten column life due to cleavage of the bonded phase, resulting in frequent column replacement and instrument downtime. Figure 1 shows an accelerated low-pH degradation test using 1% TFA at pH 1. After 30 days under these conditions, the Acclaim PA2 phase is stable, while the Discovery RP-Amide C16 and the SymmetryShield C18 columns show significant loss of the bonded phase.

Figure 2 shows a similar accelerated degradation test at high pH, using triethylamine at pH 11.5 to age the column. After 60 h, the Acclaim PA2 column still retains 90% of its retention capacity, whereas the other commercially available columns have dropped to less than 80%, and in some cases less than 50%. Thus, as shown by Figures 1 and 2, the proprietary bonding of the Acclaim PA2 column is capable of resisting hydrolytic attack by protecting the bonded phase at both low and high pH.

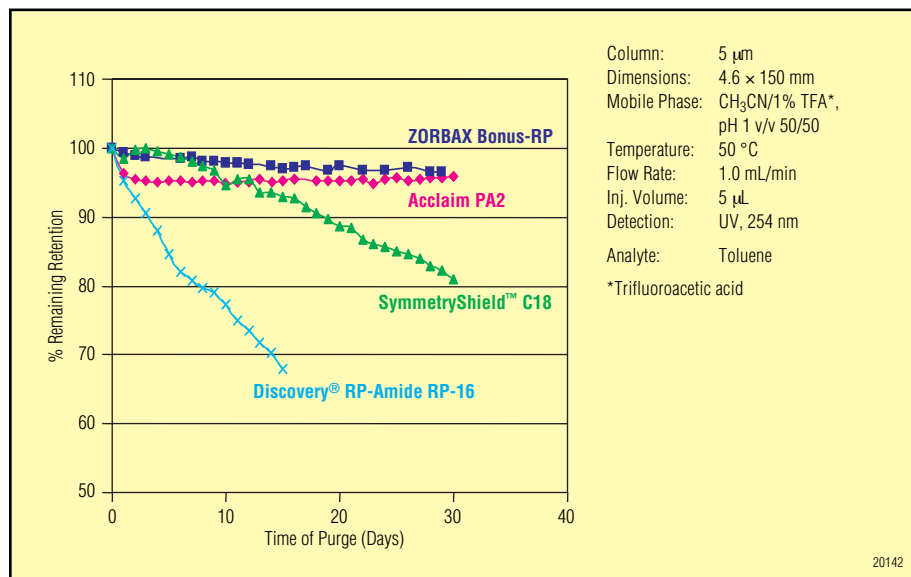


Figure 1. Accelerated stability test at low pH.

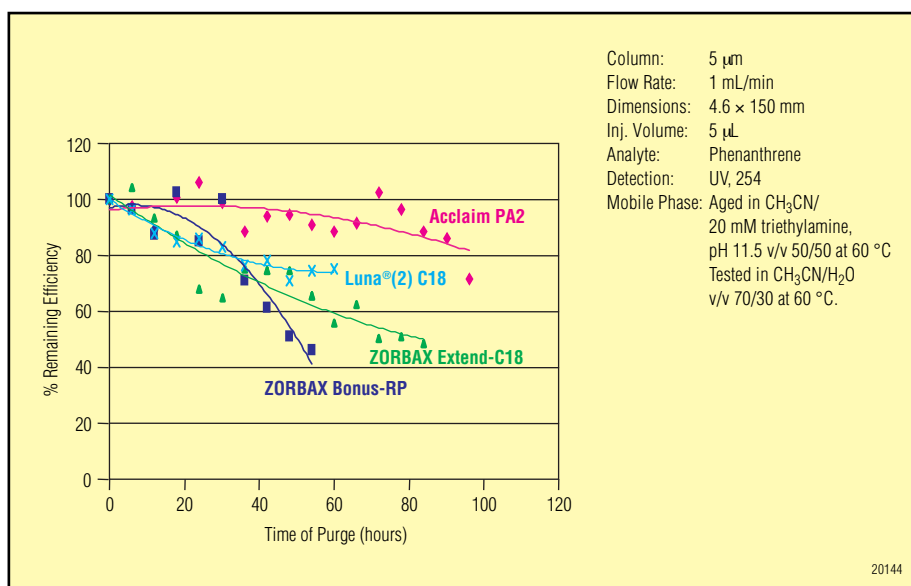


Figure 2. Accelerated stability test at high pH.

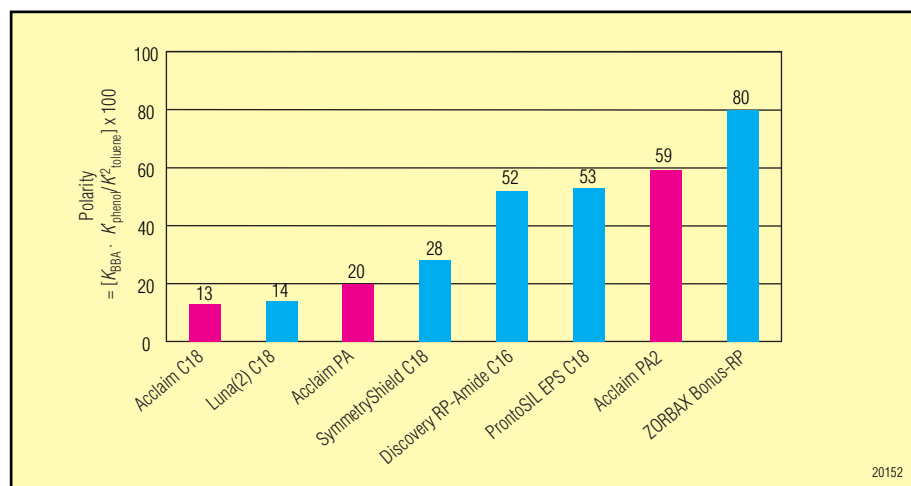


Figure 3. Polarity comparison.

High Polarity for Selectivity Complementary to C18 Columns

The ability of a reversed-phase column to retain polar compounds can be estimated based on the polarity of the stationary phase. The more polar the stationary phase, the longer the polar compounds will be retained. Figure 3 shows a comparison of the polarity of a series of commercially available conventional C18 columns and polar-embedded columns. The Acclaim C18 column and the Luna (2) C18 are representative of conventional C18 columns; the other columns are polar-embedded. As expected, the conventional reversed-phase columns exhibit lower polarity than the polar-embedded phases. Included in Figure 3 are three of the Acclaim family of columns from Dionex, the Acclaim 120 C18, Acclaim PolarAdvantage (PA), and Acclaim PolarAdvantage II (PA2). As can be seen from the wide range of polarity encompassed by these columns, they comprise a powerful column portfolio for routine application development.

The polar characteristics of polar-embedded phases often provide significantly better selectivity for mixtures of acids and bases. Generally speaking, you can expect acidic compounds to be retained longer and basic compounds to be retained slightly less on polar-embedded phases than on conventional C18 phases. Figure 4 shows a comparison of the Acclaim C18 column with the Acclaim PA2 column, run under identical conditions, illustrating this trend. The Acclaim PA2 column provides different and complementary selectivity to conventional C18 columns.

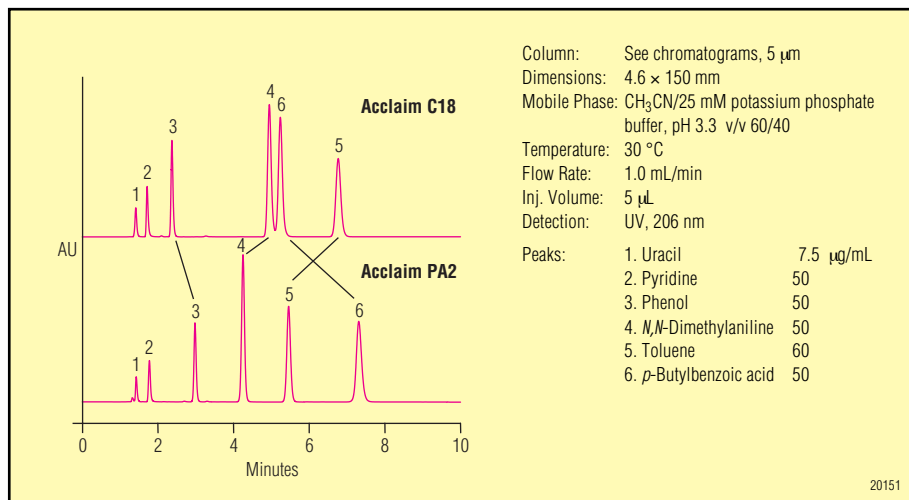


Figure 4. Unique selectivity.

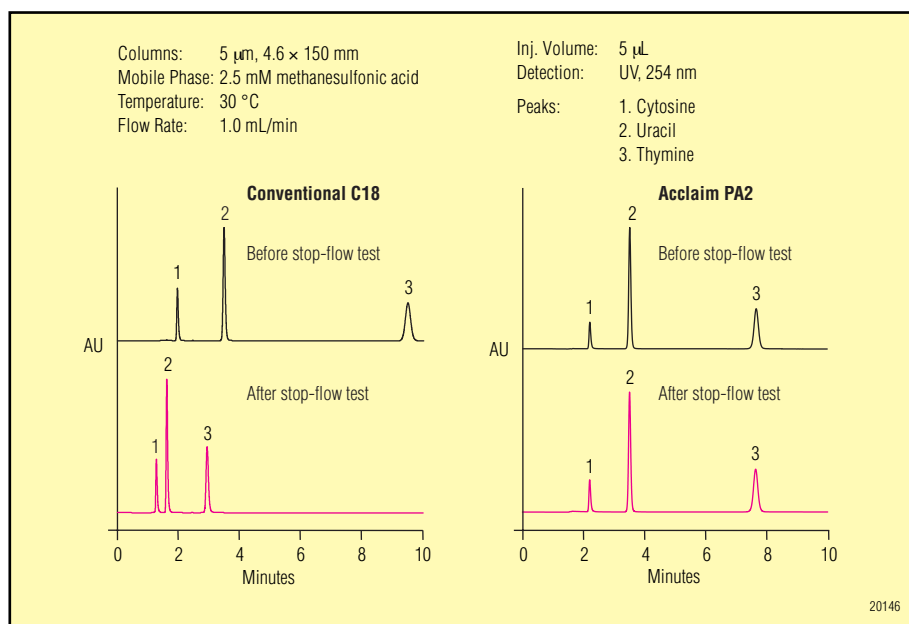


Figure 5. Dewetting test in 100% aqueous eluent.

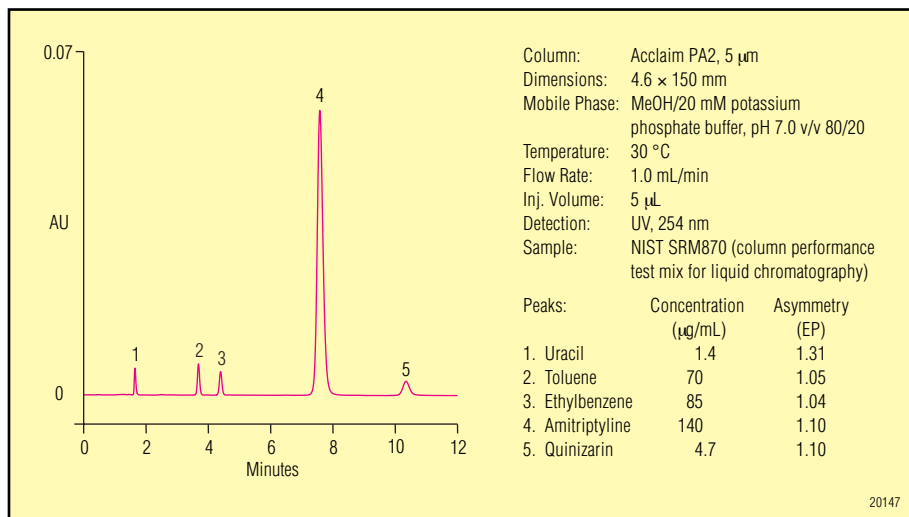


Figure 6. Excellent peak shape for basic compounds.

Compatibility with 100% Aqueous Mobile Phases

Chromatographers have learned, often the hard way, that conventional reversed-phase columns are not compatible with 100% aqueous mobile phases. For most conventional C18 columns, 95% aqueous is the limit before the phase collapses and retention is lost. Unfortunately, for many highly polar, water-soluble organic compounds, retention on a reversed-phase column requires the use of little or no organic modifier.

The carefully-designed bonding technology of the Acclaim PA2 column incorporates hydrophilic functional groups between the hydrophobic alkyl chain and the silica surface that allows the surface to remain wetted, even in 100% aqueous mobile phase conditions. As shown in Figure 5, the conventional C18 column rapidly loses its ability to retain, following exposure to a pure aqueous buffer. In comparison, the Acclaim PA2 column is highly compatible with this aqueous environment, providing consistent and reliable retention times for even very hydrophilic nucleic acid bases such as cytosine, uracil, and thymine.

Good Chromatographic Performance for Both Acidic and Basic Compounds

At pH 7, amitriptyline is a sensitive probe for measuring silanol activity. At this pH, free silanols are negatively charged and the amitriptyline molecule is protonated ($pK_a = 9.3$). The protonated base interacts with ionized silanols by means of an ion-exchange mechanism; the degree of tailing in this case is a direct measure of silanol activity. NIST 870 specifies both the chromatographic conditions and the nature of the test mixture for evaluating silanol activity on reversed phase silica columns. As shown in Figure 6, the Acclaim PA2 column provides a highly symmetrical peak for amitriptyline under this well-accepted testing protocol. Regardless, for

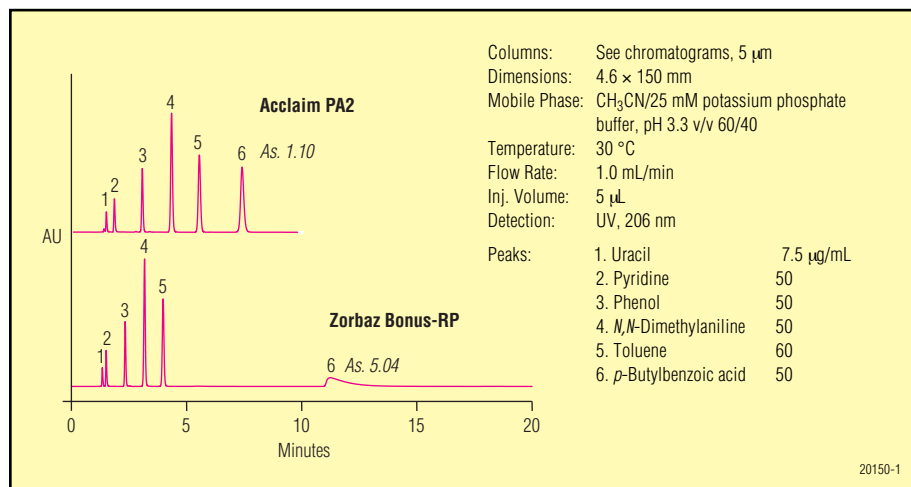


Figure 7. Excellent peak shape for both basic and acidic compounds.

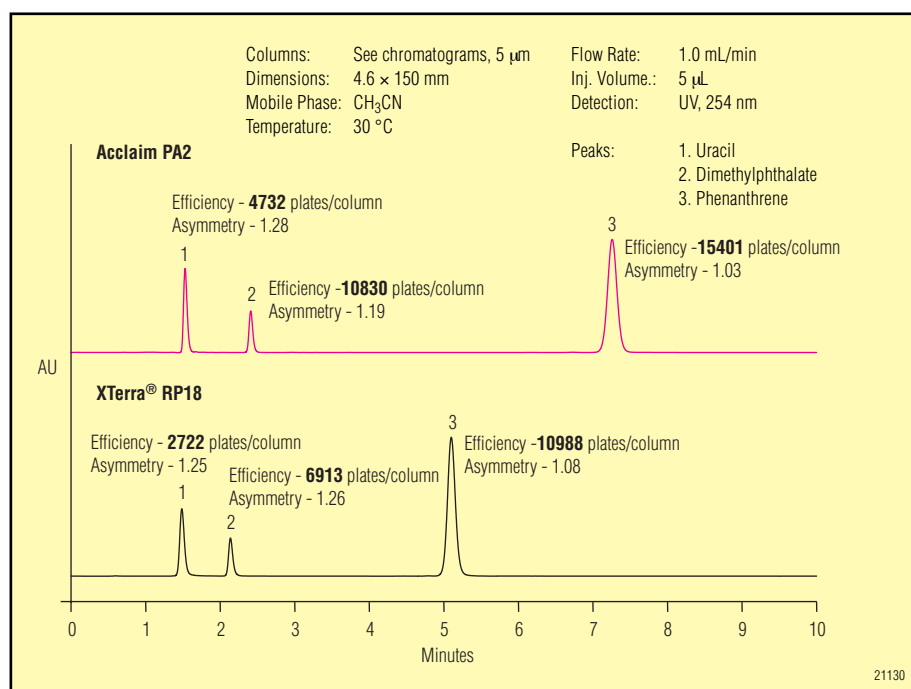


Figure 8. High column efficiency.

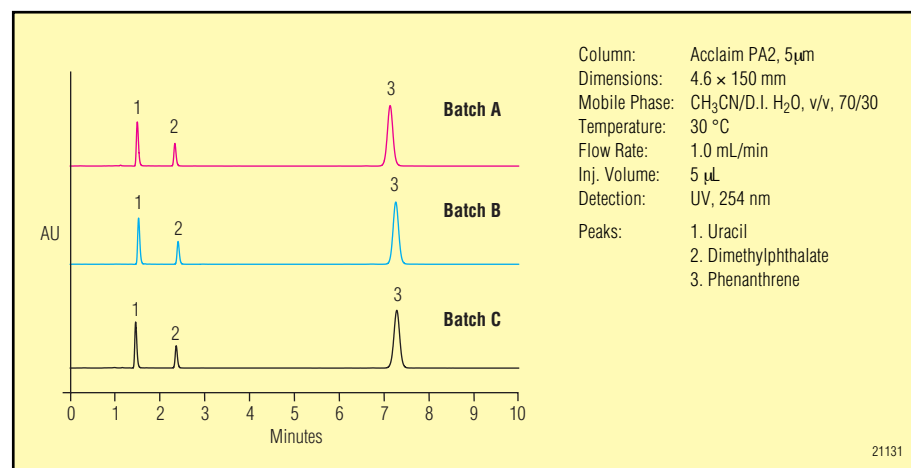


Figure 9. Batch-to-batch reproducibility.

particularly difficult samples, comprising highly basic compounds and requiring a highly aqueous mobile phase, acidic conditions will produce the best results on the Acclaim PA2 column.

Figure 7 shows that Acclaim PA2 column provides excellent peak shapes for acidic, basic, and neutral compounds within a single run in a phosphate buffer at pH 3.2. In comparison, the ZORBAX Bonus-RP column, featured as a hydrolytically stable polar-embedded phase, shows poor peak shape for *p*-butylbenzoic acid, despite the fact that neutral and basic compounds are eluted with symmetrical peak shapes.

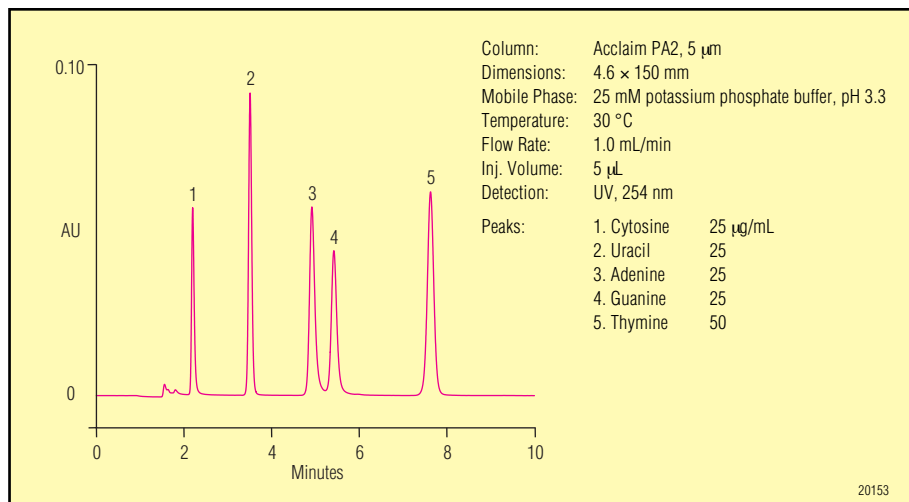


Figure 10. Nucleic acid bases.

High Column Efficiency

The combination of advanced bonding technology and optimal packing procedures results in superior column efficiencies for Acclaim PA2 columns. As illustrated in Figure 8, the Acclaim PA2 column provides higher efficiencies than other reversed-phase columns designed for high-pH applications, including the XTerra C18 column (Waters).

Good Batch-to-Batch Reproducibility

Each Acclaim PA2 column is manufactured to stringent specifications to ensure column-to-column reproducibility (Figure 9). Each column is shipped with a lot validation sheet showing the test results and specifications for the lot of bonded silica packed into the column and an individual test chromatogram validating performance. All columns are individually tested for capacity and efficiency, and closely monitored for metal contamination.

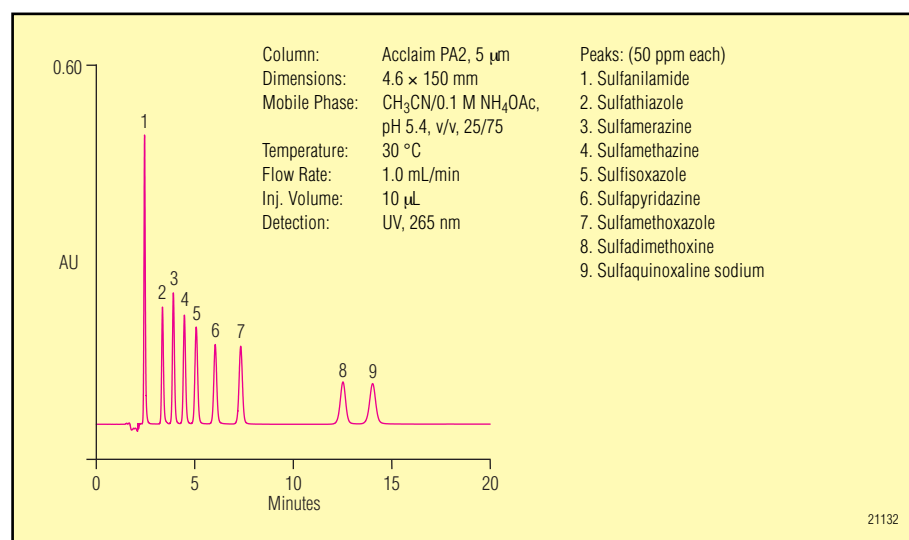


Figure 11. Sulfa drugs.

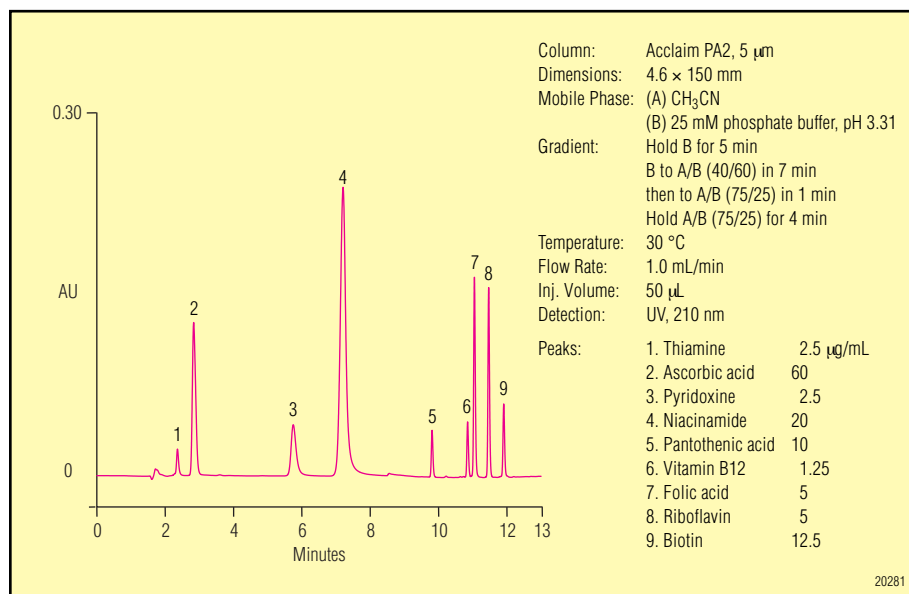


Figure 12. Water-soluble vitamins.

Broad Range of Applications

The Acclaim PA2 columns can be used for a wide range of applications, as illustrated in Figures 10–20. Figures 10, 11, and 12 show separations for nucleic acid bases, sulfa drugs, and water-soluble vitamins, respectively, in highly aqueous conditions with excellent resolution and peak efficiencies.

Separations of fat-soluble vitamins and parabens (Figures 13 and 14) represent more conventional reversed-phase applications that are readily achieved on the Acclaim PA2. Figures 15 and 16 demonstrate the potential of separating basic drugs, such as antidepressant drugs and beta blockers, at elevated pH to achieve optimum retention and peak shapes.

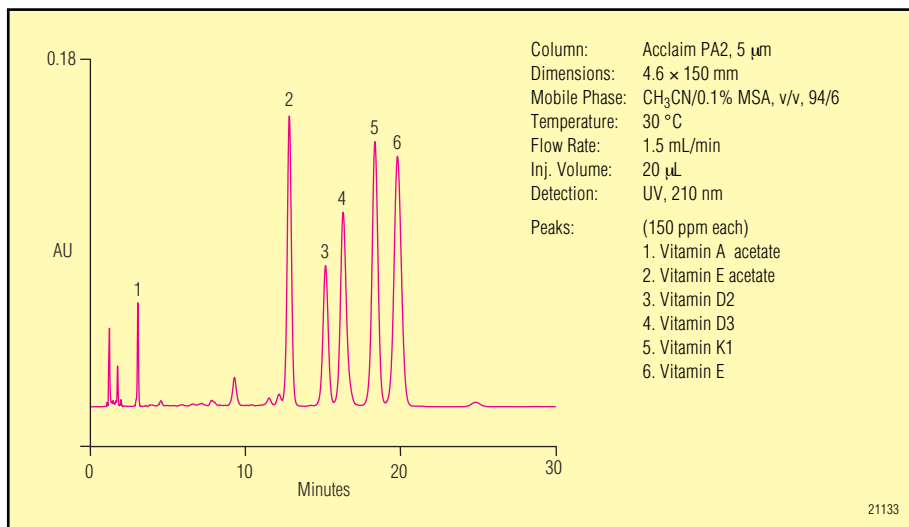


Figure 13. Fat-soluble vitamins.

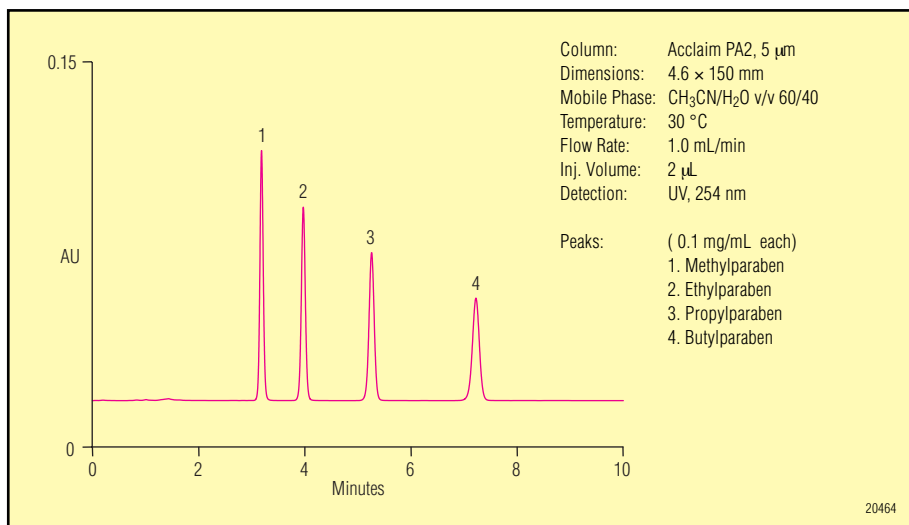


Figure 14. Parabens.

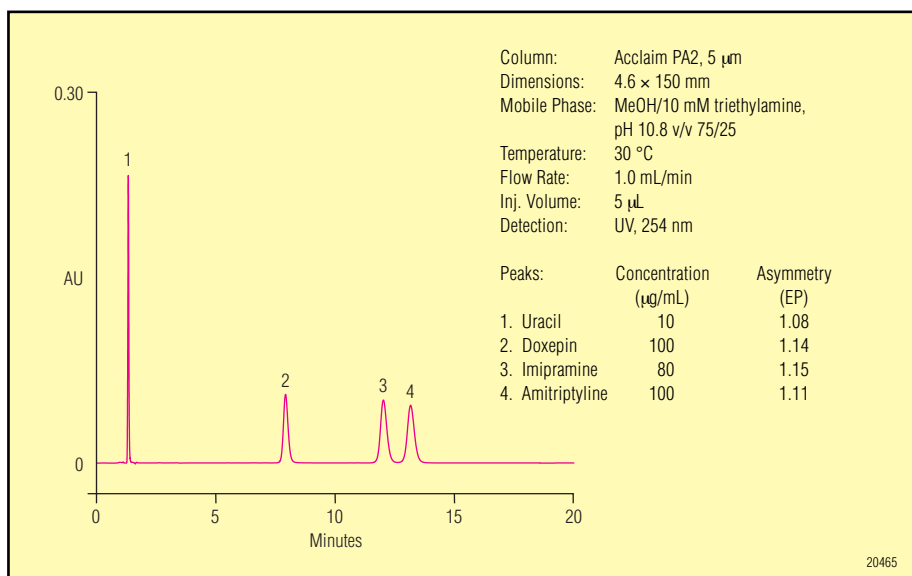


Figure 15. Antidepressants.

The versatility of the Acclaim PA2 column is clearly illustrated in the next series of chromatograms. Acidic mobile phases are used in Figures 17 and 18 for the separation of peptides and cough syrup ingredients, respectively. Due to the nature of the cough syrup ingredients, highly aqueous conditions are necessary. In Figure 19, the Acclaim PA2 column is used for ion-pair chromatography for the baseline separation of nine catecholamines and their metabolites commonly found in urine. In Figure 20, the Acclaim PA2 column is used in an entirely different approach to separate anionic surfactants using a borate buffer and suppressed conductivity detection.

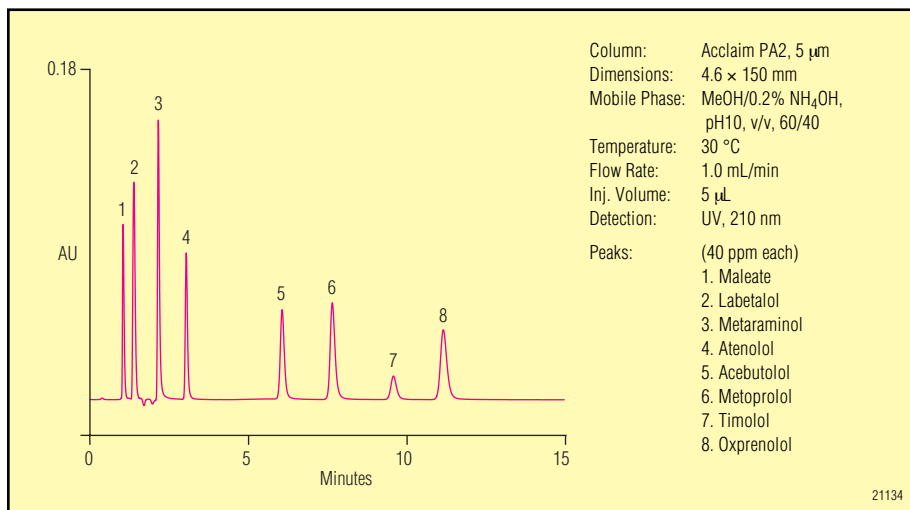


Figure 16. Beta blockers.

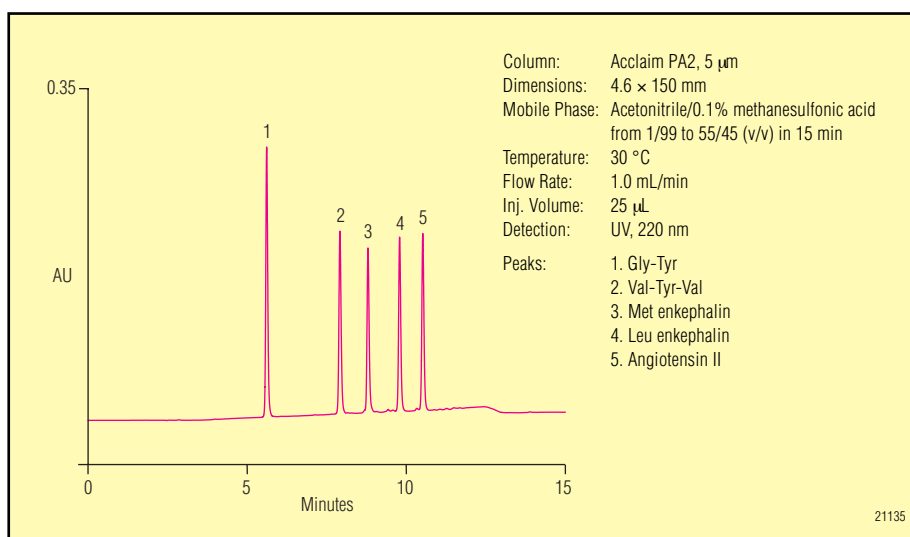


Figure 17. Peptide mix.

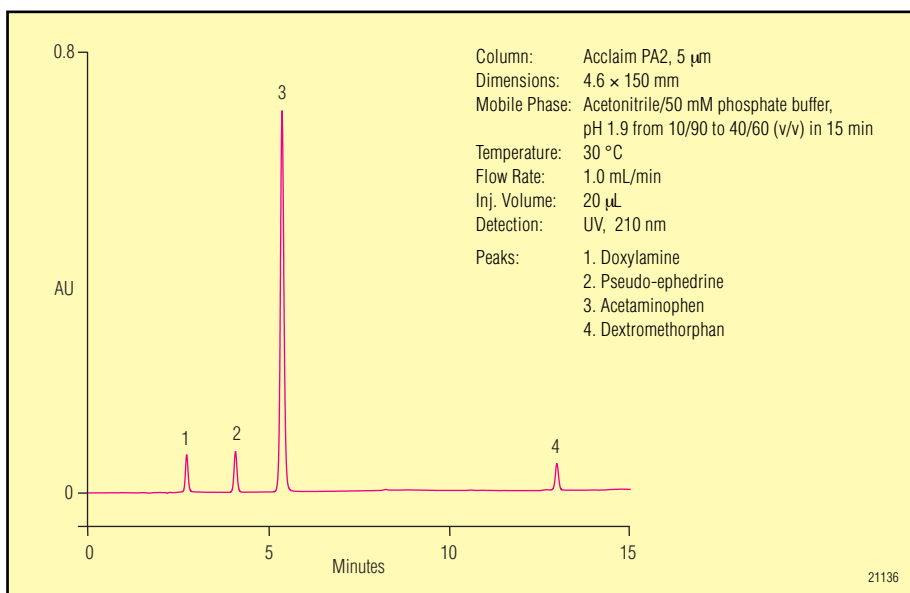


Figure 18. Active ingredients in cough syrup.

SPECIFICATIONS

Phase: Polar-embedded	Surface Area: 300 m ² /g
Particle Size: 3 and 5 µm	Carbon load: 17%
Pore Size: 120 Å	pH Range: 1.5–10

ORDERING INFORMATION

To order in the U.S., call (800) 346-6390 or contact the Dionex Regional Office nearest you. Outside the U.S., order through your local Dionex office or distributor. Refer to the following part numbers.

Acclaim PA2, 3 µm analytical (2.1 × 150 mm).....	063187
(4.6 × 50 mm).....	063189
(4.6 × 150 mm).....	063191
Acclaim PA2, 5 µm analytical (4.6 × 150 mm).....	063197
(4.6 × 250 mm).....	063199
Acclaim PA2, 5 µm Guard Cartridges (2 × 10 mm), 2 each	063193
(4.3 × 10 mm), 2 each ..	063195
Acclaim Guard Kit (Holder and Coupler) ...	059526
Acclaim SST Guard Cartridge Holder	059456
Guard to Analytical Column Coupler	059457

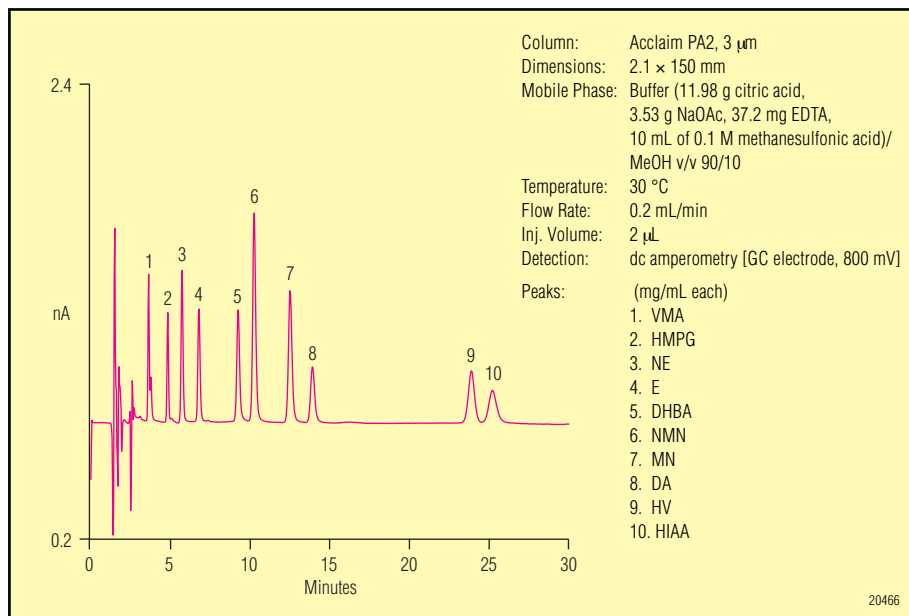


Figure 19. Catecholamines in urine.

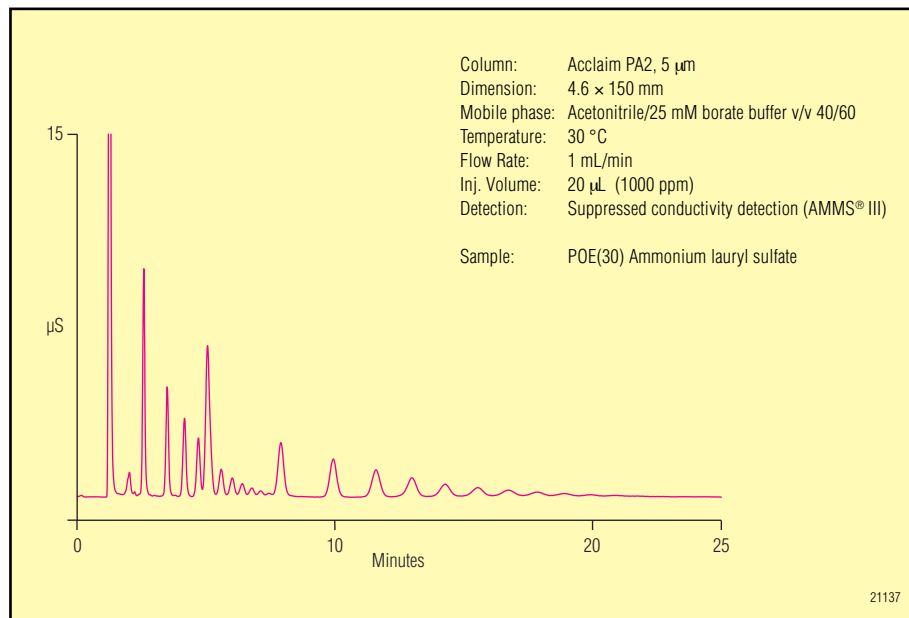


Figure 20. POE(30) Ammonium lauryl sulfate.



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 Luna is a registered trademark of Phenomenex Inc.
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